# **BUSINESS BREXIT CHECKLIST**

This checklist has been created to help businesses consider the changes that Brexit may bring to your firm, and to help business planning at both operational and Board levels.

The UK's impending departure from the European Union will bring change for businesses of every size and sector.

While some companies are already planning for the challenges and opportunities ahead, Chambers of Commerce believe that all firms – not just those directly and immediately affected – should be undertaking a Brexit 'health check', and a broader test of existing business plans. Time spent thinking through the changes that Brexit may bring to your firm could yield real dividends in future.

While the final settlement between the UK and the European Union is still to be negotiated, there are steps that businesses of all sizes can take now to start planning ahead. Recent Chamber surveys have asked:

- Have you / your management team devoted time to considering the potential consequences of Brexit direct or indirect on your businesses?
- If you have one, have you consulted with your Board of Directors on Brexit or scheduled an opportunity to do so?
- Have you mapped your supplier and customer base and considered how changes in the UK-EU trade relationship could affect them?

This checklist has been prepared in response to the findings, which suggest that a significant number of firms are either watching and waiting – or taking no action at all. We hope you find it useful as a basis for business planning at both operational and Board level.

Your firm doesn't have to navigate Brexit alone. Contact your local accredited Chamber of Commerce to find out how your Chamber can support you.

#### GMCC International Trade Team

E: exportbritain@gmchamber.co.uk

*T:* 0161 393 4350/55







AREA	CONTEXT	TO CONSIDER/TAKE ACTION	YOUR NOTES
Workforce and future skills needs	If EU Citizens (excluding Republic of Ireland) want to stay in the UK beyond 31 December 2020, they and their close family members will need to apply to the EU Settlement Scheme. This will open fully by the end of March 2019.	The Home Office has published an Employer Toolkit which covers details of the EU Settlement scheme, information and materials which support affected staff and their families. You can download it <a href="https://example.com/here">here</a>	
		What can you do to support staff applying for EU Settlement Scheme? Key materials are included in the Employers Toolkit and you can signpost them to further information and regular updates available from the Home Office <a href="here">here</a>	
Future staffing requirements	Further ahead, there will be changes to the UK's immigration regime. The British Chambers of Commerce is advising the Home Office on this, using feedback from across the UK Chamber Network.	What will be your skills and labour needs over the next few years? Will you need to hire someone from outside the UK? What steps will you need to take to hire them? Could different arrangements (remote working) be feasible for your business?	



CROSS - BORDER TRADE

The Chamber can give you access to detailed advice on goods trade

AREA	CONTEXT	TO CONSIDER/TAKE ACTION	YOUR NOTES	
UK/EU customs checks	As a 'third country', UK exporters to the EU after Brexit may in future be required to make customs declarations.	What customs procedures do you comply with for trade with non- EU markets? Are you ready, if the need arises, to apply these to imports from or exports to the EU?		
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		2	Chamber of the Year 2017/18	Comme

Potential delays at UK/EU border	With potential customs checks between the UK and the EU, there may be delays at the border.	How resilient is your supply chain to potential border delays? Do any contracts you have include penalties for late delivery? You may want to discuss with your logistics provider whether you would require new arrangements.	
		Do you need to increase your inventory and/or buy additional storage space?	
Tariffs on UK-EU trade	The British Chambers of Commerce has been advocating for zero tariffs on trade between the UK and the EU after Brexit.  However, businesses should consider the potential impact of a situation where there are tariffs between the UK and the EU – based on the Most Favoured Nation (MFN) tariff (which applies to countries that do not have a special agreement with the EU).	Do you know the HS codes (international classification system) for your products? Do you know the EU MFN tariff that is applicable for your product?  If the UK and the EU do not reach an agreement that removes all tariffs, what would the impact of the MFN tariff be on your cost base?	
Rules of Origin in UK-EU trade	Even if the UK has a zero-tariff trade agreement with the EU, companies will need to prove that their product is of UK origin to benefit from this (usually, this means that 50-55% of the product has to be locally sourced). The exact terms of these rules between the UK and the EU are yet to be negotiated.	If you are a supplier, has your customer asked you to provide proof of where you source your content? Would you be able to provide it if asked?  If you buy your components from local suppliers, have you thought about conducting an audit of where they source their materials?	
			Greater Manchester Chamber of Commerce  British Chamber

		Which markets (where the EU has a trade agreement) are particularly critical for you? Please let your local Chamber know.		
Customs facilitations, reliefs etc.	There are a number of duty relief schemes available to UK businesses. It may be worthwhile for your business to consider applying for these. There is also a trusted trader scheme – Authorized Economic Operator (AEO) – that may be relevant to you if your supply chain also takes part in it. Please speak to your local Chamber to learn more about these.	Do you plan to apply for additional customs relief or trusted trader schemes from HMRC? Read more about them here:  https://www.gov.uk/duty-relief-for-imports-and- exports  https://www.gov.uk/guidance/authorised-economic- operator-certification		
Customs/ export training		Do you have a member of staff knowledgeable in customs and export? Would it be valuable to train a member of staff in this area? Chambers are able to provide both ongoing support and relevant training.	Greater Manchester	British





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Import	With the UK's exit from the EU, it is assumed that the UK will also leave the EU VAT area. This means that import VAT may be payable, at the border, on goods imports from the EU.	Do you have enough working capital to pay VAT on import of goods from the EU?  Have you considered ways to mitigate the potential cash flow impacts of the need to pay import VAT?	
	Deferment accounts (allowing for duty to be deferred for up to 1 month) are available to companies with 3 years' VAT record.	If you wish to open a deferment account (to postpone the payment of VAT on goods imports by 1 month), are you able to get a guarantee from your bank?	
vat registration in the EU (services sector)	If you trade in services, post Brexit, the working assumption is that after Brexit you may need to register for VAT / appoint a fiscal agent in every EU member state where you supply customers.	If you are a services company, in how many EU member states do you supply services? In how many do you have VAT registration? How would getting VAT registration in every relevant state impact your cost base?	



## CURRENCY/INTELLECTUAL

### PROPERTY/CONTRACTS

AREA	CONTEXT	TO CONSIDER/TAKE ACTION	YOUR NOTES
Currency risk	The months following the EU referendum saw significant currency volatility – this may occur in future.	What currency are you being paid in? Have you considered the possibility of further currency movements, and how this might affect existing and future contracts? Your local Chamber can give you recommendations for mitigating these risks.	
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EU regulatory regime	It is unclear whether UK regulators will be able to provide licenses for the EU market after Brexit; it is also unclear if notified bodies in the UK can conduct conformity assessment checks on goods destined for the EU market.	Which regulatory agencies do you work with? What steps might you need to take to comply with separate UK and EU regulators in the future?	
Intellectual Property	It is unclear whether trademarks registered in the EU would be applicable to the UK in thefuture.	Do you own any Intellectual Property rights? Have you contacted trademark bodies / solicitors / IP advisors on how to protect your intellectual property after March 2019?	
Contracts review	Some of the terms in existing contracts may no longer be relevant post Brexit or may raise legal or practical questions in future.	Do your contracts refer to any terms that should be reviewed in light of the UK leaving the EU? Do they make references to the UK being a member state/to the EU? Does your contract rely on EU regulation applicable to contractual arrangements?	

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